U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS WILMINGTON DISTRICT

12000 - 35 - 3143

Action ID. County CateS
GENERAL PERMIT (REGIONAL AND NATIONWIDE) VERIFICATION
Property Owner/Agent Barry Wayne Winslow Address Rt. I, Box 72 Corapenke, N. C. 27926
Corapenke, N.C. 27926
Telephone No. $(9/9)$ $465 - 8/93$
Size and Location of project (waterbody, road name/number, town, etc.) @ 2 acres, Located 1/4 mile SW of the intersection of SR 1325 and NC, 32, @ 4 miles north of Sunberry, Adjacent to an unnamed
tributary to Folly Swamp.
Clear @ Zacres (of which lacre is wetland) in order to
construct has tarn tacility
Section 404 (Clean Water Act, 33 USC 1344) only.
Section 10 (River and Harbor Act of 1899) only.
Section 404 and Section 10.
NWP 26 Regional General Permit or Nationwide Permit Number.
Any violation of the conditions of the Regional General or Nationwide Permit referenced above may subject the permittee to a stop work order, a restoration order, and/or appropriate legal action.
This Department of the Army Regional General/Nationwide Permit verification does not relieve the undersigned permittee of the responsibility to obtain any other required Federal, State, or local approvals/permits. The permittee may need to contact appropriate State and local agencies before beginning work.
By signature below, the permittee certifies an understanding and acceptance of all terms and conditions of the permit.
Property Owner/Authorized Agent Signature Barry Wayne Wondows
Regulatory Project Manager Signature Henry Wicker
Date $9-20-94$ Expiration Date $9-20-96$

SURVEY PLATS, FIELD SKETCH, WETLAND DELINEATION FORM, ETC., MUST BE ATTACHED TO

THE YELLOW (FILE) COPY OF THIS FORM, IF REQUIRED OR AVAILABLE.

NOTES: NATIONWIDE PERMITS

- 1. Qualification for and issuance of a nationwide permit does not relieve the applicant of the need to obtain any other required State or local permits.
- 2. Should all or part of a proposed activity be located within an Area of Environmental Concern (AEC) as designated by the North Carolina Coastal Resources Commission, a CAMA permit is required from the North Carolina Division of Coastal Management. Should an activity within or potentially affecting an AEC be proposed by a Federal agency, a consistency determination pursuant to 15 CFR 930 must be provided to the North Carolina Division of Coastal Management at least 90 days before the onset of the proposed activity.
- 3. You should contact the following State agencies to obtain the required State authorizations prior to starting work:

Mr. John Dorney
Water Quality Section
Division of Environmental Management
North Carolina Department of
Environment, Health and
Natural Resources
Post Office Box 27687
Raleigh, North Carolina 27611-7687
Telephone (919) 733-1786

Mr. Steve Benton
Division of Coastal Management
North Carolina Department of
Environment, Health and
Natural Resources
Post Office Box 27687
Raleigh, North Carolina 27611-7687
Telephone (919) 733-2293

STANWOOD WINSLOW & SON SWINE LAGOON GATES COUNTY, N. C.

Stanwood Winslow and his Son, of Gates County, are considering building a farrowing house and a nursery house for the raising of swine. They would like to construct a lagoon for both houses that would handle the waste from the animals.

Their farm is located in the Folley Ditch section of Gates County and consist of about 110 acres of cropland and pasture. They also rent other land in the neighborhood. The soils are mainly Lenoir, Coxville and Rains fine sandy loam.

They prefer a flush type system for both houses. The water will be used back from the holding pond.

The farrowing house will accommodate 30 sows and their litter, the nursery will also accommodate 30 sows and their litters up to about 40 pounds in weight.

STANWOOD WINSLOW & SON SWINE LAGUON

GATES COUNTY, N. C.

1. Steady State Live Weight

60 sows at 400 pounds = Pigs 8.5 per litter X 20 pounds =

24,000 10,200 34,200

2. Required Volume of Water in Lagoon

34,200 pounds/150 pound hog/1 unit 34,200 - 150 = 228 unit

228 unit X 150 = 34,200 cu. ft. - 27 = 1,267 cu. yds. 4 feet spoil - hog house to be on top of spoil maintain minimum of 1 foot freeboard.

Lagoon 90' X 60' X 10' water level at average ground surface with 1:1 side slope.

 $(90 \times 60) + (70 \times 40) + (4 \times 80 \times 50)$

 $\frac{10 \times 5400 + 2800 + 16000}{162} =$

 $\frac{242,000}{162}$ = 1,494 cu. yd.

Volume = 1,494 cu. yds./

1,267

3. 120 Day Pumping Cycle

Period of maximum excess rainfall Nov. 1 - March 1

Edenton, N. C. = 13.0 inches rainfall

Raleigh, N. C. = 4.0 inches evaporation

9.0 inches of excess

Placing spoil 4 feet deep around lagoon with 1:1 side slope

Top area of lagoon = $98^{\circ} \times 68^{\circ} = 6,664 \text{ sq. ft.}$

Volume of excess rainfall in lagoon

 $\frac{9.0 \text{ in. } X \, b,664 = 4,998 \text{ cu. ft.}}{12 \text{ in./ft.}}$

4,998 - 27 = 185 cu. yds.

4. Volume of 25 year - 24 hr. storm = 6.8 inches $\frac{6.8 \text{ in. } \text{X } 6,664 \text{ sq. ft.}}{12 \text{ in./ft.}}$

 $3,776 \div 27 = 140 \text{ cu. yds.}$

5: Volume of Waste Production

.0138 gal./lb./day X 34,200 X 120 day = 56,635 gal. 56,635 $\stackrel{.}{\cdot}$ 202 = 280 cu. yds.

6. Total Storage Requirement

1,267 + 185 + 140 + 280 = 1,872 cu. yds.

7. Total capacity of (90' X 60' X 10') lagoon with 4 ft. of spoil and 1:1 side slope (maintaining 1 ft. freeboard)

$$\frac{13}{162}$$
 X (96 X 66) + (70 X 40) + 4 X (83 X 53)

$$\frac{13}{162}$$
 X 6,336 + 2800 + 17,596 = $\frac{347,516}{162}$ = 2,145 cu. yds.

Total Capacity = 2,145 cu. yds.

Total storage required = 1,872 cu. yds.

THIS SIZE IS SATISFACTORY

δ. Pump out Pond

Since the required storage is provided for in the lagoon, the pump out pond will provide effluent that is relatively free of solids for flushing the house. The size of the pump out pond should blend in with the lagoon. A pump pond that is 30' X 25' X 8' deep with 1"l side slope will be adequate.

Set the bottom of pipe connecting lagoon and pump out pond approximately 6-12 inches below normal ground and construct spoil dike around this pond.

9. Mitrogen Produced

N = 0.048 X 342,000 lbs. X 365 days = 5,992 lbs.

Assume 50% loss in Lagoon

Available N = 5,992 lbs. X .5 = 2,996 lbs.

at 200 lbs. per acre per year. Uffilization 15 acres will be required for disposal.

GATES COUNTY

Barry and Stanwood Winslow would like to up date their swine operation and enlarge the animal unit capacity and waste management system.

The existing system accounts for 1,500 cu. yds. of storage in a lagoon and 34,200 lbs. of animals.

The new system will house a total of 216,140 lbs. of animal and will require a volumn of earth moved of 9,756 cu. yds.

This is taking into account that 1,500 cu. yds. is already present at the site.

The old finishing house will be handled in a separate lagoon because it is constructed at ground level and will usually require pumping before flushing can be carried out due to high water and the low level of the flushing floor. This house will house approximately 500 top hogs.

The largest lagoon will provide waste storage for the remaining livestock 175 sows, 10 boars, 24 litters and 500 additional top hogs, a total of 114,440 lbs. of animals.

The old pump out pond will be enlarged and a valve or water flow control device will be placed on the existing pipe to manually regulate water levels from the new large lagoon to the new smaller low level lagoon. Flush water will be taken out of the pumpout pond which will come from the lagoon built for the old finishing floor.

A 6" pipe will be installed between the new small lagoon to the old pump out pond 3-4 feet below ground level.

DESIGN DATA FOR SWINE WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

BANNY- TANDERS GATES County Farm GATES County Feet
Distance to nearest residence (other than owner)
1. Steady State Live Weight //5 sows @ 400 lbs. = 4,000 lbs. //0 boars @ 400 lbs. = 4,000 lbs. 24 litters x 2.5 pigs/litter x 35 lbs = 7,40 lbs. //000 lbs. //000 lbs. //000 lbs. //000 lbs. //000 lbs.
2. Required Lagoon Volume (Liquid) Volume = 1/4/4001bs. live weight x *1 ft. 3 x 1 Yd. 3 the formula
Total steady state live weight = \frac{135,000 lbs.}{210,140} 2. Required Lagoon Volume (Liquid) Volume = \frac{1/4,400}{10}lbs. live weight x *1 ft. \frac{3}{10}. \frac{2}{27 ft. 3} Volume = \frac{4237,000}{237,000}d.\frac{3}{27 ft. 3} Volume = \frac{4237,000}{237,0000}d.\frac{3}{27 ft. 3} Waintain normal lagoon water level at \frac{1}{27 ft. 3} Maintain normal lagoon water level at \frac{1}{27 ft. 3}
Lagoon size (for water volume) (from tables or calculations using Prismodial Formula) Width 1/Depth /0 ss//
Surface area of water = $ft. x = ft. = 6238 ft.^2$
Actual volume must be equal or greater than required
4. Lagoon size from average ground. Lengthft. Depth _// ft. Width Vol. of Excavation 6000 yd3
5. Place spoil as a continuous dike at least ft. high around lagoon (and pump out pond, if needed.)
5. Place spoil as a continuous dike at least
*1 cubic foot per 1b. of live weight is minimum for North Carolina. See Tech. Guide Standard 359 for size requirements for odor control.
$\underline{1}/$ Minimum depth of anaerobic lagoon is six feet.

6.	Temporary	Storage	Required

Pumping cycle is to be /20 days

6a. Volume of 25 Year - 24 Hour Storm
$$\frac{2}{\text{Volume}} = \frac{2}{2} \sin x \frac{1}{12} \sin x \frac{23708}{\text{ft.}}^{2}$$
Volume = $\frac{343}{12}$ ft. $\frac{3}{12}$

NOTE: Use 25 yr- 24 hr. rainfall for your location.

This is found in Chapter 2 of the SCS Engineering Field Manual.

6b. Volume of rainfall in excess of evaporation. Use period of time when rainfall exceeds evaporation by largest amount.

Rainfall (///) to (3/1) = inches. Here, are 7 Excess rainfall (Difference) = inches.

Volume =
$$\frac{7}{12}$$
 in. $\times \frac{1}{12}$ ft. $\times \frac{23}{12}$ ft. $\times \frac{2}{12}$ Volume = $\frac{1}{3}$ Volume

NOTE: Above information can be found in "Weather and Climate in North Carolina". Agricultural Experiment Station Bulletin 396. Rainfall data is in Table 1. Evaporation is from Figure 12 or Figure 13 depending on location which is most nearly like yours.

6c. Volume of Waste Produced

Volume =
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 gallons $\frac{3}{3}$ per 1b. per day x $\frac{3}{3}$ days (pumping cycle) x $\frac{1}{7.48}$ gal.

Volume =
$$2^{5335}$$
 ft. 3

6d. Volume of Wash Water

This is the amount of fresh water used for washing floors or volume of fresh water used for flush systems. Flush systems that recirculate the lagoon water are accounted for in 6c.

Volume =
$$gal. / day x = days x \frac{1 \text{ ft.}^3}{7.48 \text{ gal.}}$$
 Vol.= $ft.^3$

TOTAL REQUIRED TEMPORARY STORAGE

^{*}Impounded lagoons or lagoons that do not have all outside water diverted will have to include volume contributed by additional area.

 $[\]frac{2}{3}$ Area at top of spoil. $\frac{3}{7}$ From Table 1, Circular 569, September, 1973, Extension Service.

7.	Depth of Storage Required (Above normal lagoon water elevation.)
	Depth required = 52578 ft. $\frac{3}{19238}$ ft. $\frac{4}{19238}$ Depth required = 2.7 f (Volume from (6))
	Elv. top of spoil Depth required = 2.7 ft. Elv. normal lagoon water level Freeboard = 1.0 ft. Difference Total Depth Required = 3.7 ft.
NOTE	If the depth of storage plus one foot for freeboard does not exceed difference in elevation of top of spoil and normal lagoon water level, adequate storage has been provided.
8.	Amount of Nitrogen Produced $N = .048 \text{ lbs./day x} 100 \text{ live weight x 365 days/year.}$ $N = .049 \text{ lbs./year}$
	Assume 50 percent of N is lost in lagoon due to volatization. $N = 20049$ lbs. x .5 $N = 1000$ lbs. to be disposed of annually if incorporated into soil.
	Note: If sprinkler irrigation is used approximately 25 percent additional is lost.
	$N = \frac{20649}{}$ *lbs. x .25 $N = \frac{5072}{}$ lbs/yr. if sprinkler irrigation system is used. * Use original amount produced.
9.	Land Application of Effluent for N Disposal
	Rate of Utilization Land Required
,	1bs./300 1b./acre /6 acres 1bs./200 1b/ acre 25 acres 1bs./100 1b./acre acres
10.	Application By Irrigation Soils Dide + Dunch Crops Cornt Cents Application Rate - inches per hour Application Amount - inches
	Note: Information on application rates and amounts for various soils and crops can be found in the Sprinkler Irrigation Guide - Tech. Guide II-G. Effluent should be applied at a rate so that there is absolute no run-off.
Desi	gned: William & Book Approved: William P. Book

 $\underline{4}/$ Surface area of lagoon at normal water level.

DESIGN DATA FOR SWINE WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

arry +	Stamond Chem Farm	GAtes co	unty
Dista	ance to nearest residence (other	than owner)	Feet
1.	Steady State Live Weight sows @ lbs. = boars @ lbs. = litters x pigs/litt Total steady state		
2.	Required Lagoon Volume (Liquid)		
	Volume = 67500 1bs. live weight x	*1 ft. 3 x 1 Yd. 3 1b. 27 ft.	3
	Volume = 250 yd. (Required vol	lume of liquid)	
3.	Maintain normal lagoon water leve (above) (below) average ground	el atfeet	
	Lagoon size (for water volume) (f	from tables or cal using Prismodial	culations Formula)
	Length Width $\frac{1}{2}$	Depth	s s // /
	Surface area of water =ft. Actual volume of wateryd. (Actual volume must be equal or g	3	
4.	Lagoon size from average ground. Lengthft. Depth/ Vol. of Excavation 334/ yd3	ft. Width	S (* + >)
5.	Place spoil as a continuous dike lagoon (and pump out pond, if nee Area at top of spoil =ft. x	eded.)	
	10416-		
*1 cu See	ubic foot per 1b. of live weight i Tech. Guide Standard 359 for size	s minimum for Nor	th Carolina.
	Minimum depth of anaerobic lagoon		

	- 2 -
6.	Temporary Storage Required
	Pumping cycle is to be /20 days.
	6a. Volume of 25 Year - 24 Hour Storm $\frac{2}{\text{Volume}} = \frac{28}{600} \text{ in } \times \frac{1}{12} \text{ in.}$ Volume = 7362 ft. 3
	NOTE: Use 25 yr- 24 hr. rainfall for your location. This is found in Chapter 2 of the SCS Engineering Field Manual.
	6b. Volume of rainfall in excess of evaporation. Use period of time when rainfall exceeds evaporation by largest amount.
	Rainfall $(\%)$ to (3%) = inches.

inches. Evaporation = Excess rainfall (Difference) = Volume = $\frac{2}{12 \text{ in.}} \times \frac{1 \text{ ft.}}{12 \text{ in.}} \times \frac{2}{12 \text{ or ft.}^2}$ Volume = $\frac{7578 \text{ ft.}^3}{12 \text{ ft.}^3}$

NOTE: Above information can be found in "Weather and Climate in North Carolina". Agricultural Experiment Station Bulletin 396. Rainfall data is in Table 1. Evaporation is from Figure 12 or Figure 13 depending on location which is most nearly like yours.

6c. Volume of Waste Produced

Volume = $\frac{2750}{1}$ lbs. live weight x $\frac{1000}{1}$ gallons $\frac{3}{3}$ per 1b. per day $x / \sqrt{20}$ days (pumping cycle) $x = \frac{1 \text{ Ft.}}{7.48 \text{ gal.}}$

Volume = 14,943 ft. 3

Volume of Wash Water

This is the amount of fresh water used for washing floors or volume of fresh water used for flush systems. Flush systems that recirculate the lagoon water are accounted for in 6c.

Volume = $gal. /day \times days \times \frac{1 \text{ ft.}^3}{7.48 \text{ gal}}$ Vol.= $ft.^3$

TOTAL REQUIRED TEMPORARY STORAGE

6c. 14943 ft. 3 6d. _____ft.

* 6b. 1778 ft. 3

Total 29,883 ft.3

^{*}Impounded lagoons or lagoons that do not have all outside water diverted will have to include volume contributed by additional area.

^{2/} Area at top of spoil. 3/ From Table 1, Circular 569, September, 1973, Extension Service.

7.	Depth of Storage Required (Above normal lagoon water elevation.)
	Depth required = $\frac{29883}{103}$ ft. $\frac{4}{1033}$ ft. Depth required = $\frac{28}{103}$ ft.
	Elv. top of spoil Depth required = 2 % ft. Elv. normal lagoon water level Freeboard = /.0 ft. Difference Total Depth Required = 3 % ft.
NOTE:	If the depth of storage plus one foot for freeboard does not exceed difference in elevation of top of spoil and normal lagoon water level, adequate storage has been provided.
8.	Amount of Nitrogen Produced $N = .048 \text{ lbs./day x} \frac{6750}{100} \text{ lbs. live weight x 365 days/year.}$ $N = \frac{1/828 \text{ lbs./year}}{100}$
	Assume 50 percent of N is lost in lagoon due to volatization. $N = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} $
	Note: If sprinkler irrigation is used approximately 25 percent additional is lost.
	$N = \frac{*}{1}$ lbs. x .25 $N = \frac{3}{1}$ lbs/yr. if sprinkler irrigation system is used. * Use original amount produced.
9.	Land Application of Effluent for N Disposal
	Rate of Utilization Land Required
	2957 1bs./300 1b./acre
10.	Application By Irrigation Soils Crops Crops Application Rate - 123 inches per hour Application Amount - inches
	Note: Information on application rates and amounts for various soils and crops can be found in the Sprinkler Irrigation Guide - Tech. Guide II-G. Effluent should be applied at a rate so that there is absolute no run-off.
Desig	aned: William & Love Approved: William A. Boone

 $\underline{4}/$ Surface area of lagoon at normal water level.

TOM CROCKETT IRRIGATION, INC.

P. O. BOX 390 • 751 E. MAIN ST. WILLIAMSTON, NC 27892 (919) 792-3121

Here is

PLEASE INDICATE THIS NUMBER WHEN ORDERING

Parameters.		_	9-28-89	
	DENNIS UTT	ı	PROPOSED SHIPPING DATE	
	P. O. BOX 61 GATESVILLE, NC. 27938		TERMS	F.O.B.
	BARRY WINSLOW SYSTEM		SALESMAN	
our quotatio	n on the goods named, subject to the conditions noted:		TO BE SHIPPED VIA	PPD. OR COLL
ITIONIC TO				1 1

DATE

CONDITIONS: The prices and terms on this quotation are not subject to verbal changes or other agreements unless approved in writing by the Home Office of the Seller. All quotations and agreements are contingent upon strikes, accidents, fires, availability of materials and all other causes beyond our control. Prices are based on costs and conditions existing on date of quotation and are subject to change by the Seller before final acceptance.

Typographical and stenographic errors subject to correction. Purchaser agrees to accept either overage or shortage not in excess of ten percent to be cifies material to be furnished by the purchaser, ample allowance must be made for reasonable spoilage and material must be of suitable quality to facilitate conditions and material must be of suitable quality to facilitate.

QUANTITY DESCRIPTION	PRICE	AMOUNT
1800' PR-160 4" PVC weed 1800' plus 100' extra	.85	1530.01
1000 PR-100 PVC 3" valt 750'	.53	530.00
5480' PR-160 2" PVC used 2,920'	.27	1479.6
200' Sch. 40 1" PVC (resed 200)	.25	50.0
2 4" PVC 45 elbow	37.89	75.7
2 4" PVC 90 elbow	29.08	58.1
1 4' PVC Female adpt.	25.00	15.7
14 4x2 PVC tee	43.14	603.9
1 4" PVC Tee	43.14	w co Po
0 2 4x3 PVC Tee	43.14	43.1
1 1 4x3 PVC Bushing	43.14	86.2
2 3 3x2 PVC Bushing	7 00	• 17.6
3 12 3x1 PVC Tee	7.90	23.7
4 54 2x1 PVC Tee	25.93	311.1
5 1 4" PVC Cap	5.89	318.0
6 17 2" PVC Cap	2 00	18.1
7 66 1" PVC 90 Elbow	2.99	50.8
8 66 1" PVC Feamle adpt.	1.51	99.6
.9 66 RC 1Qucik coupler w/rubber cover	1.22	80.5
F70-A Sprinkler 9/32 Noz.	19.95	1316.7
ART 1"x18" Riser	76.65	1073.1
4"x10' DISCHARGE Hose w/fittings	3.10	43.4
4"x35' Suction hose		187.1
- Non Edection nose		156.6
I 00% F 10		8169.4
Less 80% item 5-18		1442.2
Less 25% item 19-21		608.3
Pump Option		6118.8
B2Z pl 10 hp l ph elec. pump 1956.00		
21/2JQBLw/3 Cyl. perkins diesel traviler mouted 120 gall fuel ta	nk,	
a fety shut down battery complete hood 7 grill 7500.00 form 20403 RAPIDFORMS, INC. BELLMAWR, NJ 08031 Note: with the election pump you can only oper)	

QUOTE VALID FOR _____DAYS.

OUT OF THE COURT OF THE POWER OF THE COURT OF THE COURT

-70A 9/32 NOZ. SPRINKlee @60 PSI = 18 9pm OPERATE 14 SPRINKLES = 232 9pm LATERAL & SPRINKLER SPACED 80' APPLICATION RATE 20' per hp. BARRY WINS/OW

9 sprinklers = 162 gpm

A-27-90

Aprille Scade

Linding only 55'

Andii. Edges me not

Being covered.

1/30-90

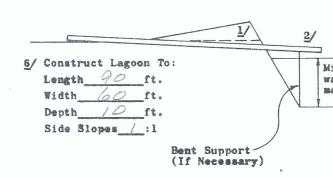
Talked to Vern Packer

periodeler heads are only 7/32

instead of 9/132. He will replace
these at no charge and that
will account for short throw.

Themany only 55' Andii. Edges me not being covered. 1/30-90 Talked to Vern Packer perioder honds are only BJ instead of BB2. He will replace these at no charge and that will occount for short throw. NC-ENG-30 3/74

LOCATION SKETCH

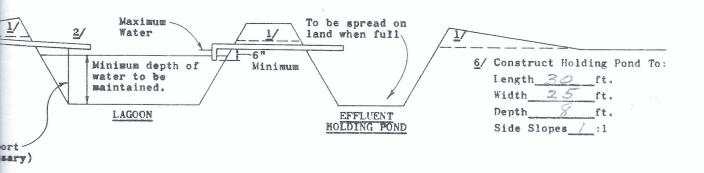


NOTES:

- 1/ Place spoil continuously around lagoon and holding pond as well as be 4 two (2) ft. high, shape so that spoil slopes away from lagoon and holding pond as well as be
- 2/ Inlet(s) to be concrete trough(s) or Pipe(s) on 1% minimum grade.
- 3/ This can be reduced for depths over six feet for anaerobic lagoons pr
- 4/ Effluent holding pond required unless extra lagoon storage provided a
- $\frac{5}{}$ All storm water should be diverted if at all possible; however, if the holding pond.
- 6/ When lagoon or holding pond is constructed using an embankment, use m in Engineering Standard 359. NC-ENG-13 may be used for embankment

For lavout and Construct

IAGOON: Distance from nearest residence: 1000 Soils: 1000 FS.L Type Lagoon: ANAEROBIA Kind of Animals: 5 WINF Number of Animal Units: 228
3/ Required Surface Area:Units xft.2/unit =ft.2
Required Volume: $\frac{34200}{\text{ tinits}} \times \frac{1}{\text{ ft.}^3}$ ft. $\frac{1}{\text{ yd.}^3} = 1267 \text{ cm pl}$
Inlet: Y' Diameter PVC Pipe or Concrete Trough; Bent Support TRENTED POST
Outlet: 8" Diameter PVC Pipe with Elbow or Tee.
EFFLUENT HOLDING POND: 4/
5/ Volume Requirements for Waste and Wash Water:gals./day/animal xAnimals
$\times 120$ days (pumping cycle) $\times \frac{1}{202} \frac{\text{yd.}^3}{\text{gal.}} = 605$ yd. $3 + 4 + 5 = 605$
LAND DISPOSAL: PER MC Land Area 5 ac.; Application Rate 20018 in Arr.; Frequency of Application ANNUALY
FERTILIZATION & SEEDING RATES: (All Disturbed Areas) Lime AS PER-Soil TEST; Fertilizer Sools PERRO; Seed FESCUE AC. Mulch SMAIL GROWS STRATE.



as well as between lagoon and holding pond a minimum depth of lagoon and holding pond, fertilize and vegetate. imum grade. obic lagoons provided volume requirements are met. U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE rage provided and arrangements made for pumping directly from lagoon. SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE however, if this is not possible it must be provided for in the bankment, use minimum top width, side slopes, and freeboard as stated ed for embankment details). Title Sheet Drawing No and Construction Check, see Fngr. Field Book _____, Page No

LAGOON FOR ANIMAL WASTE

W = ~ 5/0 W STAN wood JiNAI design h Agoo N hagoon side slopes 1:1 depth // foot deep from ground surface. Building PAds 1.5stope heighton high and 5-flut Above Average ground 3-4 foot dike Around All LAGOON + pump out pond Slope Dike so water will hon Away from the LAgoon Control valve on flexible Hose To control water level ets proc must be Placed 3-4' below ground tevel

Approx 11.50 Place Pipe 3' below groundless! old Building Old Building